



SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

- 1.1 Product identifier:** OXIFORJA STEEL GREY - Código - 05701
- 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:**
Relevant uses: Decorative paint
Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3
- 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:**
INDUSTRIAS JUNO, S.A.
Barrio Sakonj, 10
48950 ERANDIO - Vizcaya - España
Phone.: +34 944 670 062 - Fax: +34 944 675 832
laboratorio@juno.es
www.juno.es
- 1.4 Emergency telephone number:** + 353 (01) 8092166

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

- 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:**
CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:
Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.
Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard, Category 3, H412
Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids, Category 3, H226
Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, Category 2, H315
- 2.2 Label elements:**
CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:
Warning
- Hazard statements:**
Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour
Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation
- Precautionary statements:**
P101: If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand
P102: Keep out of reach of children
P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
P264: Wash thoroughly after handling
P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water
P370+P378: In case of fire: Use ABC powder extinguisher to extinguish
P501: Dispose of contents/container according to the separated collection system used in your municipality
- Supplementary information:**
EUH208: Contains Butanone oxime, Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate), Fatty acids, C18, unsatd., dimers, reaction products with N,N-dimethyl-1,3- propanediamine and 1,3-propanediamine. May produce an allergic reaction
- Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE mix):**
86,9 % (dermal), 95,49 % (inhalation) of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity
- 2.3 Other hazards:**
Product fails to meet PBT/vPvB criteria

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

- 3.1 Substance:**
Non-applicable
- 3.2 Mixture:**

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SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS (continued)

Chemical description: Mixture composed of pigments and resins

Components:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (point 3), the product contains:

| Identification | Chemical name/Classification | Concentration |
|---|---|---|
| CAS: 64742-81-0 EC: 265-184-9 Index: 649-423-00-8 REACH: 01-2119462828-25-XXXX | Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized (23 °C < FP < 60 °C) □ ¹ □ Regulation 1272/2008 Aquatic Chronic 2: H411; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT SE 3: H336 - Danger | Self-classified 1 - <10 % |
| CAS: 64742-48-9 EC: 265-150-3 Index: 649-327-00-6 REACH: 01-2119486659-16-XXXX | Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 □ ¹ □ Regulation 1272/2008 Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Danger | ATP ATP01 1 - <10 % |
| CAS: 12001-26-2 EC: Non-applicable Index: Non-applicable REACH: Non-applicable | Mica (RCS > 1 %) □ ¹ □ Regulation 1272/2008 STOT RE 2: H373 - Warning | Self-classified 1 - <10 % |
| CAS: 64742-95-6 EC: 265-199-0 Index: 649-356-00-4 REACH: 01-2119486773-24-XXXX | Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 □ ¹ □ Regulation 1272/2008 Aquatic Chronic 2: H411; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Danger | ATP ATP01 1 - <10 % |
| CAS: 107-98-2 EC: 203-539-1 Index: 603-064-00-3 REACH: 01-2119457435-35-XXXX | 1-methoxy-2-propanol □ ¹ □ Regulation 1272/2008 Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H336 - Warning | ATP ATP01 1 - <10 % |
| CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7 Index: 601-022-00-9 REACH: 01-2119488216-32-XXXX | Xylene □ ¹ □ Regulation 1272/2008 Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT RE 2: H373; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger | Self-classified 1 - <10 % |
| CAS: 162627-17-0 EC: Non-applicable Index: Non-applicable REACH: 01-2119970640-38-XXXX | Fatty acids, C18, unsatd., dimers, reaction products with N,N-dimethyl-1,3-propanediamine and 1,3-propanediamine □ ¹ □ Regulation 1272/2008 Skin Sens. 1: H317 - Warning | Self-classified 0,1 - <1 % |
| CAS: 96-29-7 EC: 202-496-6 Index: 616-014-00-0 REACH: 01-2119539477-28-XXXX | Butanone oxime □ ¹ □ Regulation 1272/2008 Acute Tox. 4: H312; Carc. 2: H351; Eye Dam. 1: H318; Skin Sens. 1: H317 - Danger | ATP CLP00 0,1 - <1 % |
| CAS: 136-52-7 EC: 205-250-6 Index: Non-applicable REACH: 01-2119524678-29-XXXX | Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) □ ¹ □ Regulation 1272/2008 Aquatic Acute 1: H400; Aquatic Chronic 3: H412; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Repr. 1B: H360; Skin Sens. 1A: H317 - Danger | Self-classified <0,1 % |
| CAS: 112-34-5 EC: 203-961-6 Index: 603-096-00-8 REACH: 01-2119475104-44-XXXX | 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol □ ² □ Regulation 1272/2008 Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Warning | ATP CLP00 <0,1 % |

□¹ Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard which meet criteria laid down in Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830
□² Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

By inhalation:

This product is not classified as hazardous through inhalation. However, in case of intoxication symptoms it is recommended to remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide clean air and keep at rest. Request medical attention if symptoms persist.

By skin contact:



SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES (continued)

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, in which case removal could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS for the product.

By ingestion/aspiration:

Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Non-applicable

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media:

If possible use polyvalent powder fire extinguishers (ABC powder), alternatively use foam or carbon dioxide extinguishers (CO₂). IT IS RECOMMENDED NOT to use full jet water as an extinguishing agent.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...) in accordance with Directive 89/654/EC.

Additional provisions:

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Eliminate all sources of ignition. In case of fire, cool the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to combustion, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Destroy any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

Avoid at all cost any type of spillage into an aqueous medium. Contain the product absorbed appropriately in hermetically sealed containers. Notify the relevant authority in case of exposure to the general public or the environment.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

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SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE (continued)

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- Precautions for safe manipulation

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems defined in Directive 94/9/EC (ATEX 100) and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers under the selection criteria of Directive 1999/92/EC (ATEX 137). Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations to prevent ergonomic and toxicological risks

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

Due to the danger of this product for the environment it is recommended to use it within an area containing contamination control barriers in case of spillage, as well as having absorbent material in close proximity.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Technical measures for storage

Minimum Temp.: 5 °C
Maximum Temp.: 30 °C
Maximum time: 24 Months

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace

| Identification | Environmental limits | | |
|--|----------------------|---------|-------------------------|
| | IOELV (8h) | 100 ppm | 375 mg/m ³ |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol CAS: 107-98-2 EC: 203-539-1 | IOELV (STEL) | 150 ppm | 563 mg/m ³ |
| Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7 | IOELV (8h) | 50 ppm | 221 mg/m ³ |
| | IOELV (STEL) | 100 ppm | 442 mg/m ³ |
| 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol CAS: 112-34-5 EC: 203-961-6 | IOELV (8h) | 10 ppm | 67.5 mg/m ³ |
| | IOELV (STEL) | 15 ppm | 101.2 mg/m ³ |

DNEL (Workers):

| Identification | | Short exposure | | Long exposure | |
|--|------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|----------------|
| | | Systemic | Local | Systemic | Local |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 CAS: 64742-48-9 EC: 265-150-3 | Oral | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable |
| | Dermal | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | 300 mg/kg | Non-applicable |
| | Inhalation | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | 1500 mg/m ³ | Non-applicable |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol CAS: 107-98-2 EC: 203-539-1 | Oral | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable |
| | Dermal | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | 50,6 mg/kg | Non-applicable |
| | Inhalation | Non-applicable | 553,5 mg/m ³ | 369 mg/m ³ | Non-applicable |
| Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7 | Oral | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable |
| | Dermal | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | 180 mg/kg | Non-applicable |
| | Inhalation | 289 mg/m ³ | 289 mg/m ³ | 77 mg/m ³ | Non-applicable |

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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

| Identification | | Short exposure | | Long exposure | |
|--|------------|----------------|-------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | Systemic | Local | Systemic | Local |
| Butanone oxime CAS: 96-29-7 EC: 202-496-6 | Oral | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable |
| | Dermal | 2,5 mg/kg | Non-applicable | 1,3 mg/kg | Non-applicable |
| | Inhalation | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | 9 mg/m ³ | 3,33 mg/m ³ |
| Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) CAS: 136-52-7 EC: 205-250-6 | Oral | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable |
| | Dermal | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable |
| | Inhalation | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | 0,2351 mg/m ³ |
| 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol CAS: 112-34-5 EC: 203-961-6 | Oral | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable |
| | Dermal | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | 83 mg/kg | Non-applicable |
| | Inhalation | Non-applicable | 101,2 mg/m ³ | 67,5 mg/m ³ | 67,5 mg/m ³ |

DNEL (General population):

| Identification | | Short exposure | | Long exposure | |
|--|------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| | | Systemic | Local | Systemic | Local |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 CAS: 64742-48-9 EC: 265-150-3 | Oral | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | 300 mg/kg | Non-applicable |
| | Dermal | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | 300 mg/kg | Non-applicable |
| | Inhalation | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | 900 mg/m ³ | Non-applicable |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol CAS: 107-98-2 EC: 203-539-1 | Oral | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | 3,3 mg/kg | Non-applicable |
| | Dermal | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | 18,1 mg/kg | Non-applicable |
| | Inhalation | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | 43,9 mg/m ³ | Non-applicable |
| Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7 | Oral | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | 1,6 mg/kg | Non-applicable |
| | Dermal | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | 108 mg/kg | Non-applicable |
| | Inhalation | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | 14,8 mg/m ³ | Non-applicable |
| Butanone oxime CAS: 96-29-7 EC: 202-496-6 | Oral | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable |
| | Dermal | 1,5 mg/kg | Non-applicable | 0,78 mg/kg | Non-applicable |
| | Inhalation | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | 2,7 mg/m ³ | 2 mg/m ³ |
| Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) CAS: 136-52-7 EC: 205-250-6 | Oral | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | 0,0558 mg/kg | Non-applicable |
| | Dermal | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable |
| | Inhalation | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | 0,037 mg/m ³ |
| 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol CAS: 112-34-5 EC: 203-961-6 | Oral | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | 1,25 mg/kg | Non-applicable |
| | Dermal | Non-applicable | Non-applicable | 50 mg/kg | Non-applicable |
| | Inhalation | Non-applicable | 50,6 mg/m ³ | 40,5 mg/m ³ | 34 mg/m ³ |

PNEC:

| Identification | | | | |
|--|--------------|----------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol CAS: 107-98-2 EC: 203-539-1 | STP | 100 mg/L | Fresh water | 10 mg/L |
| | Soil | 5,49 mg/kg | Marine water | 1 mg/L |
| | Intermittent | 100 mg/L | Sediment (Fresh water) | 52,3 mg/kg |
| | Oral | Non-applicable | Sediment (Marine water) | 5,2 mg/kg |
| Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7 | STP | 6,58 mg/L | Fresh water | 0,327 mg/L |
| | Soil | 2,31 mg/kg | Marine water | 0,327 mg/L |
| | Intermittent | 0,327 mg/L | Sediment (Fresh water) | 12,46 mg/kg |
| | Oral | Non-applicable | Sediment (Marine water) | 12,46 mg/kg |
| Butanone oxime CAS: 96-29-7 EC: 202-496-6 | STP | 177 mg/L | Fresh water | 0,256 mg/L |
| | Soil | Non-applicable | Marine water | Non-applicable |
| | Intermittent | 0,118 mg/L | Sediment (Fresh water) | Non-applicable |
| | Oral | Non-applicable | Sediment (Marine water) | Non-applicable |
| Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) CAS: 136-52-7 EC: 205-250-6 | STP | 0,37 mg/L | Fresh water | 0,00051 mg/L |
| | Soil | 7,9 mg/kg | Marine water | 0,00236 mg/L |
| | Intermittent | Non-applicable | Sediment (Fresh water) | 9,5 mg/kg |
| | Oral | Non-applicable | Sediment (Marine water) | 9,5 mg/kg |

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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

| Identification | | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------|------------|-------------------------|-----------|
| 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol | STP | 200 mg/L | Fresh water | 1 mg/L |
| CAS: 112-34-5 | Soil | 0,32 mg/kg | Marine water | 0,1 mg/L |
| EC: 203-961-6 | Intermittent | 11 mg/L | Sediment (Fresh water) | 4 mg/kg |
| | Oral | 56 g/kg | Sediment (Marine water) | 0,4 mg/kg |

8.2 Exposure controls:

A.- General security and hygiene measures in the work place

As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protective Equipment, with the corresponding <<CE marking>> in accordance with Directive 89/686/EC. For more information on Personal Protective Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1.

All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.

B.- Respiratory protection

| Pictogram | PPE | Labelling | CEN Standard | Remarks |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|---------------------|--|
| Compulsory use of face mask | Filter mask for particles | | EN 149:2001+A1:2009 | Replace when an increase in resistance to breathing is observed. |

C.- Specific protection for the hands

| Pictogram | PPE | Labelling | CEN Standard | Remarks |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|--------------|---|
| Mandatory hand protection | Protective gloves against minor risks | | | Replace gloves in case of any sign of damage. For prolonged periods of exposure to the product for professional users/industrials, we recommend using CE III gloves in line with standards EN 420 and EN 374. |

"As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be predicted in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application"

D.- Ocular and facial protection

| Pictogram | PPE | Labelling | CEN Standard | Remarks |
|-------------------------------|---|-----------|---------------------------------|--|
| Mandatory face protection | Panoramic glasses against splash/projections. | | EN 166:2001 EN ISO 4007:2018 | Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer 's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing. |

E.- Body protection

| Pictogram | PPE | Labelling | CEN Standard | Remarks |
|--|---|-----------|--|---|
| Mandatory complete body protection | Antistatic and fireproof protective clothing | | EN 1149-1:2006 EN 1149-2:1997 EN 1149-3:2004 EN 168:2001 EN ISO 14116:2015 EN 1149-5:2018 | Limited protection against flames. |
| Mandatory foot protection | Safety footwear with antistatic and heat resistant properties | | EN ISO 13287:2012 EN ISO 20345:2011 | Replace boots at any sign of deterioration. |

F.- Additional emergency measures

| Emergency measure | Standards | Emergency measure | Standards |
|----------------------|---|----------------------|--|
| Emergency shower | ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011 | Eyewash stations | DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011 |

Environmental exposure controls:

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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

Volatile organic compounds:

With regard to Directive 2010/75/EU, this product has the following characteristics:

| | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| V.O.C. (Supply): | 20,92 % weight |
| V.O.C. density at 20 °C: | 347,31 kg/m ³ (347,31 g/L) |
| Average carbon number: | 9,58 |
| Average molecular weight: | 143,77 g/mol |

With regard to Directive 2004/42/EC, this product which is ready to use has the following characteristics:

| | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| V.O.C. density at 20 °C: | 347,91 kg/m ³ (347,91 g/L) |
| EU limit for the product (Cat. A.I): | 500 g/L (2010) |
| Components: | Non-applicable |

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

For complete information see the product datasheet.

Appearance:

| | |
|--------------------------|--|
| Physical state at 20 °C: | Liquid |
| Appearance: | Viscous |
| Colour: |  Grey |
| Odour: | Characteristic |
| Odour threshold: | Non-applicable * |

Volatility:

| | |
|--|-----------------------|
| Boiling point at atmospheric pressure: | 158 °C |
| Vapour pressure at 20 °C: | 515 Pa |
| Vapour pressure at 50 °C: | 3068,77 Pa (3,07 kPa) |
| Evaporation rate at 20 °C: | Non-applicable * |

Product description:

| | |
|--|-------------------------------|
| Density at 20 °C: | 1610 - 1710 kg/m ³ |
| Relative density at 20 °C: | 50 - 70 |
| Dynamic viscosity at 20 °C: | 40 - 60 cP |
| Kinematic viscosity at 20 °C: | Non-applicable * |
| Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C: | >20,5 cSt |
| Concentration: | Non-applicable * |
| pH: | Non-applicable * |
| Vapour density at 20 °C: | Non-applicable * |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 20 °C: | Non-applicable * |
| Solubility in water at 20 °C: | Non-applicable * |
| Solubility properties: | Insoluble in water |
| Decomposition temperature: | Non-applicable * |
| Melting point/freezing point: | Non-applicable * |
| Explosive properties: | Non-applicable * |
| Oxidising properties: | Non-applicable * |

Flammability:

| | |
|--------------|-------|
| Flash Point: | 38 °C |
|--------------|-------|

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

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SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Flammability (solid, gas): Non-applicable *
 Autoignition temperature: 200 °C
 Lower flammability limit: Not available
 Upper flammability limit: Not available

Explosive:

Lower explosive limit: Non-applicable *
 Upper explosive limit: Non-applicable *

9.2 Other information:

Surface tension at 20 °C: Non-applicable *
 Refraction index: Non-applicable *

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7.

10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the conditions of storage, handling and use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

| | | | | |
|--------------------|------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|----------------|
| Shock and friction | Contact with air | Increase in temperature | Sunlight | Humidity |
| Not applicable | Not applicable | Risk of combustion | Avoid direct impact | Not applicable |

10.5 Incompatible materials:

| | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Acids | Water | Oxidising materials | Combustible materials | Others |
| Avoid strong acids | Not applicable | Avoid direct impact | Not applicable | Avoid alkalis or strong bases. Can react violently |

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO₂), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Contains glycols. It is recommended not to breathe the vapours for prolonged periods of time due to the possibility of effects that are hazardous to the health .

Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than the recommended occupational exposure limits, adverse effects on health may result, depending on the means of exposure:

A- Ingestion (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.

B- Inhalation (acute effect):

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SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
- C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):
 - Contact with the skin: Produces skin inflammation.
 - Contact with the eyes: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):
 - Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous with carcinogenic effects. For more information see section 3.
IARC: Xylene (3)
 - Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
 - Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- E- Sensitizing effects:
 - Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
 - Cutaneous: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
- F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
- G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:
 - Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
 - Skin: Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.
- H- Aspiration hazard:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

Other information:

Non-applicable

Specific toxicology information on the substances:

| Identification | Acute toxicity | | Genus |
|--|-----------------|----------------------|--------|
| | | | |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 CAS: 64742-95-6 EC: 265-199-0 | LD50 oral | 2100 mg/kg | Rat |
| | LD50 dermal | 2000 mg/kg | Rabbit |
| | LC50 inhalation | Non-applicable | |
| Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7 | LD50 oral | 2100 mg/kg | Rat |
| | LD50 dermal | 1100 mg/kg (ATEi) | Rat |
| | LC50 inhalation | 11 mg/L (4 h) (ATEi) | |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 CAS: 64742-48-9 EC: 265-150-3 | LD50 oral | 15000 mg/kg | Rat |
| | LD50 dermal | 3160 mg/kg | Rabbit |
| | LC50 inhalation | Non-applicable | |
| Butanone oxime CAS: 96-29-7 EC: 202-496-6 | LD50 oral | 2100 mg/kg | Rat |
| | LD50 dermal | 1100 mg/kg | Rat |
| | LC50 inhalation | Non-applicable | |

Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE mix):

| ATE mix | | Ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity |
|---------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Oral | >2000 mg/kg (Calculation method) | Non-applicable |
| Dermal | 5356,44 mg/kg (Calculation method) | 86,9 % |

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -



SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

| | | |
|------------|---------------------------------------|---------|
| Inhalation | 37,59 mg/L (4 h) (Calculation method) | 95,49 % |
|------------|---------------------------------------|---------|

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

12.1 Toxicity:

| Identification | Acute toxicity | | Species | Genus |
|--|----------------|---------------------|---------------------------|------------|
| | LC50 | EC50 | | |
| Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized (23 °C < FP < 60 °C) CAS: 64742-81-0 EC: 265-184-9 | LC50 | 1 - 10 mg/L (96 h) | | Fish |
| | EC50 | 1 - 10 mg/L | | Crustacean |
| | EC50 | 1 - 10 mg/L | | Algae |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 CAS: 64742-48-9 EC: 265-150-3 | LC50 | 2200 mg/L (96 h) | Pimephales promelas | Fish |
| | EC50 | 1000 mg/L (96 h) | Daphnia magna | Crustacean |
| | EC50 | Non-applicable | | |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 CAS: 64742-95-6 EC: 265-199-0 | LC50 | 1 - 10 mg/L (96 h) | | Fish |
| | EC50 | 1 - 10 mg/L | | Crustacean |
| | EC50 | 1 - 10 mg/L | | Algae |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol CAS: 107-98-2 EC: 203-539-1 | LC50 | 20800 mg/L (96 h) | Pimephales promelas | Fish |
| | EC50 | 23300 mg/L (48 h) | Daphnia magna | Crustacean |
| | EC50 | 1000 mg/L (168 h) | Selenastrum capricornutum | Algae |
| Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7 | LC50 | 13.5 mg/L (96 h) | Oncorhynchus mykiss | Fish |
| | EC50 | 3.4 mg/L (48 h) | Ceriodaphnia dubia | Crustacean |
| | EC50 | 10 mg/L (72 h) | Skeletonema costatum | Algae |
| Butanone oxime CAS: 96-29-7 EC: 202-496-6 | LC50 | 843 mg/L (96 h) | Pimephales promelas | Fish |
| | EC50 | 750 mg/L (48 h) | Daphnia magna | Crustacean |
| | EC50 | 83 mg/L (72 h) | Scenedesmus subspicatus | Algae |
| Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) CAS: 136-52-7 EC: 205-250-6 | LC50 | 0.1 - 1 mg/L (96 h) | | Fish |
| | EC50 | 0.1 - 1 mg/L | | Crustacean |
| | EC50 | 0.1 - 1 mg/L | | Algae |
| 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol CAS: 112-34-5 EC: 203-961-6 | LC50 | 1300 mg/L (96 h) | Lepomis macrochirus | Fish |
| | EC50 | 2850 mg/L (24 h) | Daphnia magna | Crustacean |
| | EC50 | 53 mg/L (192 h) | Microcystis aeruginosa | Algae |

12.2 Persistence and degradability:

| Identification | Degradability | | Biodegradability | |
|--|---------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|
| | BOD5 | COD | Concentration | Period |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 CAS: 64742-48-9 EC: 265-150-3 | BOD5 | Non-applicable | Concentration | Non-applicable |
| | COD | Non-applicable | Period | 28 days |
| | BOD5/COD | Non-applicable | % Biodegradable | 89,9 % |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 CAS: 64742-95-6 EC: 265-199-0 | BOD5 | 0.19 g O2/g | Concentration | Non-applicable |
| | COD | 0.44 g O2/g | Period | Non-applicable |
| | BOD5/COD | 0.43 | % Biodegradable | Non-applicable |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol CAS: 107-98-2 EC: 203-539-1 | BOD5 | Non-applicable | Concentration | 100 mg/L |
| | COD | Non-applicable | Period | 28 days |
| | BOD5/COD | Non-applicable | % Biodegradable | 90 % |
| Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7 | BOD5 | Non-applicable | Concentration | Non-applicable |
| | COD | Non-applicable | Period | 28 days |
| | BOD5/COD | Non-applicable | % Biodegradable | 88 % |
| Butanone oxime CAS: 96-29-7 EC: 202-496-6 | BOD5 | Non-applicable | Concentration | 100 mg/L |
| | COD | Non-applicable | Period | 28 days |
| | BOD5/COD | Non-applicable | % Biodegradable | 24 % |
| 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol CAS: 112-34-5 EC: 203-961-6 | BOD5 | 0.25 g O2/g | Concentration | 100 mg/L |
| | COD | 2.08 g O2/g | Period | 28 days |
| | BOD5/COD | 0.12 | % Biodegradable | 92 % |

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -



SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

| Identification | Bioaccumulation potential | |
|--|---------------------------|-------|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 CAS: 64742-95-6 EC: 265-199-0 | BCF | |
| | Pow Log | 4 |
| | Potential | |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol CAS: 107-98-2 EC: 203-539-1 | BCF | 3 |
| | Pow Log | -0.44 |
| | Potential | Low |
| Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7 | BCF | 9 |
| | Pow Log | 2.77 |
| | Potential | Low |
| Butanone oxime CAS: 96-29-7 EC: 202-496-6 | BCF | 5 |
| | Pow Log | 0.59 |
| | Potential | Low |
| 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol CAS: 112-34-5 EC: 203-961-6 | BCF | 0.46 |
| | Pow Log | 0.56 |
| | Potential | Low |

12.4 Mobility in soil:

| Identification | Absorption/desorption | | Volatility | |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------|------------|-------------------------------|
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 CAS: 64742-48-9 EC: 265-150-3 | Koc | 100 | Henry | Non-applicable |
| | Conclusion | High | Dry soil | Non-applicable |
| | Surface tension | Non-applicable | Moist soil | Non-applicable |
| Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7 | Koc | 202 | Henry | 524,86 Pa·m ³ /mol |
| | Conclusion | Moderate | Dry soil | Yes |
| | Surface tension | Non-applicable | Moist soil | Yes |
| Butanone oxime CAS: 96-29-7 EC: 202-496-6 | Koc | 3 | Henry | Non-applicable |
| | Conclusion | Very High | Dry soil | Non-applicable |
| | Surface tension | 2,57E-2 N/m (25 °C) | Moist soil | Non-applicable |
| 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol CAS: 112-34-5 EC: 203-961-6 | Koc | 48 | Henry | 7,2E-9 Pa·m ³ /mol |
| | Conclusion | Very High | Dry soil | No |
| | Surface tension | 3,395E-2 N/m (25 °C) | Moist soil | No |

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Product fails to meet PBT/vPvB criteria

12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods:

| Code | Description | Waste class (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014) |
|-----------|---|--|
| 08 01 11* | waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances | Dangerous |

Type of waste (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014):

HP14 Ecotoxic, HP3 Flammable

Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance with Annex 1 and Annex 2 (Directive 2008/98/EC). As under 15 01 (2014/955/EC) of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-dangerous residue. We do not recommended disposal down the drain. See paragraph 6.2.

Regulations related to waste management:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) the community or state provisions related to waste management are stated

Community legislation: Directive 2008/98/EC, 2014/955/EU, Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014

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SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to ADR 2019 and RID 2019:



- 14.1 UN number:** UN1263
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name:** PAINT
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3
Labels: 3
- 14.4 Packing group:** III
- 14.5 Environmental hazards:** No
- 14.6 Special precautions for user**
Special regulations: 163, 367, 650
Tunnel restriction code: D/E
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
Limited quantities: 5 L
- 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:** Non-applicable

Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 38-16:



- 14.1 UN number:** UN1263
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name:** PAINT
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3
Labels: 3
- 14.4 Packing group:** III
- 14.5 Environmental hazards:** No
- 14.6 Special precautions for user**
Special regulations: 223, 955, 163, 367
EmS Codes: F-E, S-E
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
Limited quantities: 5 L
Segregation group: Non-applicable
- 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:** Non-applicable

Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2019:



- 14.1 UN number:** UN1263
- 14.2 UN proper shipping name:** PAINT
- 14.3 Transport hazard class(es):** 3
Labels: 3
- 14.4 Packing group:** III
- 14.5 Environmental hazards:** No
- 14.6 Special precautions for user**
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
- 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:** Non-applicable

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

Candidate substances for authorisation under the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH): Non-applicable
Substances included in Annex XIV of REACH ("Authorisation List") and sunset date: Non-applicable
Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009, about substances that deplete the ozone layer: Non-applicable

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SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)

Article 95, REGULATION (EU) No 528/2012: Non-applicable

REGULATION (EU) No 649/2012, in relation to the import and export of hazardous chemical products: Non-applicable

Seveso III:

| Section | Description | Lower-tier requirements | Upper-tier requirements |
|---------|-------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| P5c | | 5000 | 50000 |

Limitations to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII REACH, etc):

Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following:

- metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration,
- artificial snow and frost,
- “whoopee” cushions,
- silly string aerosols,
- imitation excrement,
- horns for parties,
- decorative flakes and foams,
- artificial cobwebs,
- stink bombs.

Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of aerosol dispensers referred to above is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly with:

‘For professional users only’.

Shall not be used in:

- ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,
- tricks and jokes,
- games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects.

Regulation (EU) No 98/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 January 2013 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors: Contains Aluminium powder (stabilised). Product under the provisions of Article 9

Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as a basis for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the handling, use, storage and disposal of this product.

Other legislation:

The product could be affected by sectorial legislation

15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

The supplier has not carried out evaluation of chemical safety.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Legislation related to safety data sheets:

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-Guide to the compilation of safety data sheets of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (Regulation (EC) No 2015/830)

Modifications related to the previous Safety Data Sheet which concerns the ways of managing risks.:

Non-applicable

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

- H315: Causes skin irritation
- H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
- H226: Flammable liquid and vapour

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:



SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

Acute Tox. 4: H312 - Harmful in contact with skin
 Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled
 Aquatic Acute 1: H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life
 Aquatic Chronic 2: H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
 Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
 Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
 Carc. 2: H351 - Suspected of causing cancer
 Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage
 Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
 Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour
 Repr. 1B: H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child
 Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation
 Skin Sens. 1: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction
 Skin Sens. 1A: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction
 STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation)
 STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral)
 STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation
 STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Classification procedure:

Skin Irrit. 2: Calculation method
 Aquatic Chronic 3: Calculation method
 Flam. Liq. 3: Calculation method (2.6.4.3)

Advice related to training:

Minimal training is recommended in order to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product and to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

Principal bibliographical sources:

<http://echa.europa.eu>
<http://eur-lex.europa.eu>

Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road
 IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code
 IATA: International Air Transport Association
 ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation
 COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand
 BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand
 BCF: Bioconcentration factor
 LD50: Lethal Dose 50
 LC50: Lethal Concentration 50
 EC50: Effective concentration 50
 Log-POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient
 Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation at European and state level, without being able to guarantee its accuracy. This information cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of the product, it is simply a description of the security requirements. The occupational methodology and conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control, and it is ultimately the responsibility of the user to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information on this safety data sheet only refers to this product, which should not be used for needs other than those specified.

- END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET -