

### Safety data sheet According to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 2015/830/EU



ESMALTE JUNOLAC ANTIOX. BLANCO SATINADO - Código - 4880

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

- **1.1 Product identifier:** ESMALTE JUNOLAC ANTIOX. BLANCO SATINADO Código 4880
- 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:

Relevant uses: Decorative paint

Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:

INDUSTRIAS JUNO, S.A. Barrio Sakoni, 10 48950 ERANDIO - Vizcaya - España Phone.: +34 944 670 062 - Fax: +34 944 675 832 laboratorio@juno.es www.juno.es

**1.4 Emergency telephone number:** +34 944 670 062 (8:00 -15:00)

### SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:

### CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard, Category 3, H412 Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids, Category 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, Category 2, H315 STOT SE 3: Specific toxicity causing drowsiness and dizziness, single exposure, Category 3, H336

#### 2.2 Label elements:

### CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Warning



#### Hazard statements:

Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

#### **Precautionary statements:**

P101: If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand

P102: Keep out of reach of children

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P264: Wash thoroughly after handling

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P370+P378: In case of fire: Use ABC powder extinguisher to extinguish

P501: Dispose of contents/container according to the separated collection system used in your municipality

#### Supplementary information:

EUH208: Contains Butanone oxime, Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate), Reaction products of Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine and Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine. May produce an allergic reaction

#### Substances that contribute to the classification

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (CAS: 64742-95-6); Hydrocarbons, C9-C10,n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. , < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (CAS: 64742-95-6); Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (CAS: 64742-48-9)

## Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE mix):

57,56 % (dermal) of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity

#### 2.3 Other hazards:

Product fails to meet PBT/vPvB criteria

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version





## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS \*\*

## 3.1 Substance:

Non-applicable

### 3.2 Mixture:

## Chemical description: Mixture composed of pigments and resins

## Components:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (point 3), the product contains:

	Identification		Chemical name/Classification		Concentratio
CAS:	64742-95-6	Solvent naphtha (pe	troleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 1 ATP	ATP01	
	265-199-0 649-356-00-4 01-2119486773-24- XXXX	Regulation 1272/2008	Aquatic Chronic 2: H411; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Danger		10 - <25 %
AS:	Non-applicable	Hydrocarbons, C9-C	<b>10,n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics, &lt;2% aromatics</b> Self-	-classified	
C: ndex: EACH:	927-241-2 Non-applicable 01-2119471843-32- XXXX	Regulation 1272/2008	Aquatic Chronic 3: H412; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Danger	>:	10 - <25 %
AS:	64742-95-6	Solvent naphtha (pe	troleum), light arom. , < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7□1□ Self-	-classified	
	265-199-0 649-356-00-4 01-2119486773-24- XXXX	Regulation 1272/2008	Aquatic Chronic 2: H411; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT SE 3: H336 - Danger	<b>\$ E</b>	1 - <10 %
AS: C:	64742-48-9 265-150-3	Naphtha (petroleum	), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7□1□ ATP	ATP01	
ndex:	649-327-00-6 01-2119486659-16- XXXX	Regulation 1272/2008	Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Danger 🤇	>:	1 - <10 %
AS:	1330-20-7	Xylene 🗆 ² 🗆	ATP	CLP00	
	215-535-7 601-022-00-9 01-2119488216-32- XXXX	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Warning	<b>()</b>	0,1 - <1 %
CAS:	1330-20-7	Xylene 2	Self	-classified	
	215-535-7 601-022-00-9 01-2119488216-32- XXXX	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT RE 2: H373; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger	>>>	0,1 - <1 %
CAS:	96-29-7	Butanone oxime	ATP	CLP00	
	202-496-6 616-014-00-0 01-2119539477-28- XXXX	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H312; Carc. 2: H351; Eye Dam. 1: H318; Skin Sens. 1: H317 - Danger		0,1 - <1 %
CAS:	22464-99-9	2-ethylhexanoic acid	d, zirconium salt 1 Self	-classified	
	245-018-1 Non-applicable 01-2119979088-21- XXXX	Regulation 1272/2008	Repr. 2: H361d - Warning	الله الم	0,1 - <1 %
CAS: EC:	Non-applicable 942-330-6		Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine and Fatty acids, Selfs, compds. with oleylamine $\Box^{1}\Box$	-classified	
	Non-applicable 01-2120101675-63- XXXX	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H302; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; Skin Sens. 1A: H317; STOT RE 2: H373 - Warning	€.	<0,1 %
CAS: 136-52-7 EC: 205-250-6 index: Non-applicable REACH: 01-2119524678-29- XXXX		Cobalt bis(2-ethylhe	xanoate) 1 Self	-classified	
		Regulation 1272/2008	Aquatic Acute 1: H400; Aquatic Chronic 3: H412; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Repr. 1B: H360; Skin Sens. 1A: H317 - Danger	> <b>\$</b> £	<0,1 %
AS:	112-34-5	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)	ethanol 🗠 2 🗌 ATP	CLP00	
	203-961-6 603-096-00-8 01-2119475104-44- XXXX	Regulation 1272/2008	Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Warning	()	<0,1 %

 $\square$ <sup>1</sup> $\square$  Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard which meet criteria laid down in Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830  $\square$ <sup>2</sup> $\square$  Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version

## SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures:





## SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES (continued)

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

## By inhalation:

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

## By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

### By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, in which case removal could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS for the product.

#### By ingestion/aspiration:

Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Non-applicable

## SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

### 5.1 Extinguishing media:

If possible use polyvalent powder fire extinguishers (ABC powder), alternatively use foam or carbon dioxide extinguishers (CO $\Box$ ). IT IS RECOMMENDED NOT to use full jet water as an extinguishing agent.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...) in accordance with Directive 89/654/EC.

## Additional provisions:

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Eliminate all sources of ignition. In case of fire, cool the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to combustion, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Destroy any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

# 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Avoid at all cost any type of spillage into an aqueous medium. Contain the product absorbed appropriately in hermetically sealed containers. Notify the relevant authority in case of exposure to the general public or the environment.

## 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:





## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES (continued)

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

## 6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- Precautions for safe manipulation

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems defined in Directive 94/9/EC (ATEX 100) and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers under the selection criteria of Directive 1999/92/EC (ATEX 137). Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations to prevent ergonomic and toxicological risks

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

Due to the danger of this product for the environment it is recommended to use it within an area containing contamination control barriers in case of spillage, as well as having absorbent material in close proximity.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

#### A.- Technical measures for storage

Minimum Temp.:5 °CMaximum Temp.:30 °CMaximum time:24 Months

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

## 7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace

Identification	Er	vironmental limits	
Xylene	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	IOELV (STEL)	100 ppm	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Xylene	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	IOELV (STEL)	100 ppm	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	IOELV (8h)	10 ppm	67.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
CAS: 112-34-5 EC: 203-961-6	IOELV (STEL)	15 ppm	101.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### DNEL (Workers):





# SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

		Short	exposure	Long e	exposure
Identification		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Hydrocarbons, C9-C10,n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: Non-applicable	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	300 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 927-241-2	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	1500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 64742-48-9	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	300 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 265-150-3	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	1500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable
Xylene	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 1330-20-7	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	180 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 215-535-7	Inhalation	289 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	289 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	77 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable
Xylene	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 1330-20-7	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	180 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 215-535-7	Inhalation	289 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	289 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	77 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable
Butanone oxime	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 96-29-7	Dermal	2,5 mg/kg	Non-applicable	1,3 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 202-496-6	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	3,33 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 22464-99-9	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	15,75 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 245-018-1	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 136-52-7	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
EC: 205-250-6	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	0,2351 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 112-34-5	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	83 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 203-961-6	Inhalation	Non-applicable	101,2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	67,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	67,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

## DNEL (General population):

		Short e	exposure	Long e	xposure
Identification		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Hydrocarbons, C9-C10,n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	300 mg/kg	Non-applicable
CAS: Non-applicable	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	300 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 927-241-2	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	300 mg/kg	Non-applicable
CAS: 64742-48-9	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	300 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 265-150-3	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable
Xylene	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	1,6 mg/kg	Non-applicable
CAS: 1330-20-7	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	108 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 215-535-7	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	14,8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable
Xylene	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	1,6 mg/kg	Non-applicable
CAS: 1330-20-7	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	108 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 215-535-7	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	14,8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable
Butanone oxime	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
CAS: 96-29-7	Dermal	1,5 mg/kg	Non-applicable	0,78 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 202-496-6	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	2,7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	7,9 mg/kg	Non-applicable
CAS: 22464-99-9	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	7,9 mg/kg	Non-applicable
EC: 245-018-1	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	2,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Non-applicable
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	0,0558 mg/kg	Non-applicable
CAS: 136-52-7	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
EC: 205-250-6	Inhalation	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	0,037 mg/m <sup>3</sup>





## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

		Short	exposure	Lo	ong exposure
Identification		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	1,25 mg/kg	Non-applicabl
CAS: 112-34-5	Dermal	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	50 mg/kg	Non-applicabl
EC: 203-961-6	Inhalation	Non-applicable	50,6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	40,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	34 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
PNEC:					
Identification					
Xylene	STP	6,58 mg/L	Fresh water		0,327 mg/L
CAS: 1330-20-7	Soil	2,31 mg/kg	Marine water		0,327 mg/L
EC: 215-535-7	Intermittent	0,327 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh	water)	12,46 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine	e water)	12,46 mg/kg
Xylene	STP	6,58 mg/L	Fresh water		0,327 mg/L
CAS: 1330-20-7	Soil	2,31 mg/kg	Marine water		0,327 mg/L
EC: 215-535-7	535-7 Intermittent 0,327 mg/L		Sediment (Fresh	Sediment (Fresh water)	
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine	e water)	12,46 mg/kg
Butanone oxime	STP	177 mg/L	Fresh water		0,256 mg/L
CAS: 96-29-7	Soil	Non-applicable	Marine water		Non-applicable
EC: 202-496-6	Intermittent	0,118 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh	water)	Non-applicable
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine	e water)	Non-applicable
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	STP	71,7 mg/L	Fresh water		0,36 mg/L
CAS: 22464-99-9	Soil	1,06 mg/kg	Marine water		0,036 mg/L
EC: 245-018-1	Intermittent	0,493 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh	water)	6,37 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine	e water)	0,637 mg/kg
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	STP	0,37 mg/L	Fresh water		0,00051 mg/L
CAS: 136-52-7	Soil	7,9 mg/kg	Marine water		0,00236 mg/L
EC: 205-250-6	Intermittent	Non-applicable	Sediment (Fresh	water)	9,5 mg/kg
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine	e water)	9,5 mg/kg
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	STP	200 mg/L	Fresh water		1 mg/L
CAS: 112-34-5	Soil	0,32 mg/kg	Marine water		0,1 mg/L
EC: 203-961-6	Intermittent	11 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh	water)	4 mg/kg
	Oral	56 g/kg	Sediment (Marine	e water)	0,4 mg/kg

### 8.2 Exposure controls:

A.- General security and hygiene measures in the work place

As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protective Equipment, with the corresponding <<CE marking>> in accordance with Directive 89/686/EC. For more information on Personal Protective Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1.

All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.

B.- Respiratory protection

	Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
	Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases, vapours and particles		EN 149:2001+A1:2009 EN 405:2001+A1:2009	Replace when an increase in resistence to breathing is observed and/or a smell or taste of the contaminant is detected.
C	Specific protectior	n for the hands			
	Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
	Mandatory hand	Protective gloves against minor risks	CATI		Replace gloves in case of any sign of damage. For prolonged periods of exposure to the product for professional users/industrials, we recommend using CE III gloves in line with standards EN 420 and EN 374.

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -

protection





# SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

"As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be predicted in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application"

D.- Ocular and facial protection

	Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
	Mandatory face protection	Panoramic glasses against splash/projections.		EN 166:2001 EN ISO 4007:2018	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.
E B	Body protection				

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
Mandatory complete body protection	Antistatic and fireproof protective clothing		EN 1149-1:2006 EN 1149-2:1997 EN 1149-3:2004 EN 168:2001 EN ISO 14116:2015 EN 1149-5:2018	Limited protection against flames.
Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear with antistatic and heat resistant properties		EN ISO 13287:2012 EN ISO 20345:2011	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

#### F.- Additional emergency measures

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	©+ T	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011
Emergency shower		Eyewash stations	

### **Environmental exposure controls:**

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

# Volatile organic compounds:

With regard to Directive 2010/75/EU, this product has the following characteristics:

V.O.C. (Supply):	33,48 % weight
V.O.C. density at 20 °C:	417,81 kg/m³ (417,81 g/L)
Average carbon number:	8,94
Average molecular weight:	124,86 g/mol
With regard to Directive 2004/42/EC, the second sec	his product which is ready to use has the following characteristics:
V.O.C. density at 20 °C:	417,95 kg/m³ (417,95 g/L)
EU limit for the product (Cat. A.I):	500 g/L (2010)
Components:	Non-applicable

#### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties: For complete information see the product datasheet. **Appearance:** Physical state at 20 °C: Liquid Appearance: Viscous Colour: Not available Odour: Characteristic Odour threshold: Non-applicable \* \*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards. - CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -





## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

## Volatility:

volacincy.	
Boiling point at atmospheric pressure:	158 °C
Vapour pressure at 20 °C:	250 Pa
Vapour pressure at 50 °C:	1624,38 Pa (1,62 kPa)
Evaporation rate at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Product description:	
Density at 20 °C:	1247,8 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Relative density at 20 °C:	1,248
Dynamic viscosity at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Kinematic viscosity at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C:	>20,5 cSt
Concentration:	Non-applicable *
pH:	Non-applicable *
Vapour density at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Solubility in water at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Solubility properties:	Non-applicable *
Decomposition temperature:	Non-applicable *
Melting point/freezing point:	Non-applicable *
Explosive properties:	Non-applicable *
Oxidising properties:	Non-applicable *
Flammability:	
Flash Point:	38 °C
Flammability (solid, gas):	Non-applicable *
Autoignition temperature:	200 °C
Lower flammability limit:	Not available
Upper flammability limit:	Not available
Explosive:	
Lower explosive limit:	Non-applicable *
Upper explosive limit:	Non-applicable *
Other information:	
Surface tension at 20 °C:	Non-applicable *
Refraction index:	Non-applicable *
*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing inform	nation property of its hazards.

# SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

## 10.1 Reactivity:

9.2

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7.

### 10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the conditions of storage, handling and use.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

### **10.4** Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable





## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (continued)

### 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

#### **10.6** Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **11.1** Information on toxicological effects:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Contains glycols. It is recommended not to breathe the vapours for prolonged periods of time due to the possibility of effects that are hazardous to the health .

## Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than the recommended occupational exposure limits, adverse effects on health may result, depending on the means of exposure:

- A- Ingestion (acute effect):
  - Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.
  - Corrosivity/Irritability: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.
- B- Inhalation (acute effect):
  - Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
  - Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
- C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):
  - Contact with the skin: Produces skin inflammation.
  - Contact with the eyes: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):
  - Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous with carcinogenic effects. For more information see section 3.
    - IARC: Xylene (3); Quartz (RCS < 1 %) (1); Titanium dioxide (2B); Xylene (3); Talc (3)
  - Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
  - Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- E- Sensitizing effects:
  - Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
  - Cutaneous: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
- F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) single exposure:

Exposure in high concentration can interfere with the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.

G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:

- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances which are classified as dangerous due to repetitive exposure. For more information see section 3.

- Skin: Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection





# SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

build us and the marcuse are not or intection.

H- Aspiration hazard:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

### **Other information:**

### Non-applicable

## Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	A	cute toxicity	Genus
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 64742-95-6	LD50 dermal	2000 mg/kg	Rabbit
EC: 265-199-0	LC50 inhalation	Non-applicable	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7	LD50 oral	15000 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 64742-48-9	LD50 dermal	3160 mg/kg	Rabbit
EC: 265-150-3	LC50 inhalation	Non-applicable	
Xylene	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 1330-20-7	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg	Rat
EC: 215-535-7	LC50 inhalation	Non-applicable	
Xylene	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 1330-20-7	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg	Rat
EC: 215-535-7	LC50 inhalation	Non-applicable	
Butanone oxime	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 96-29-7	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg	Rat
EC: 202-496-6	LC50 inhalation	Non-applicable	
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	LD50 oral	2043 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 22464-99-9	LD50 dermal	Non-applicable	
EC: 245-018-1	LC50 inhalation	Non-applicable	

### Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE mix):

ATE mix		Ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity
Oral	>2000 mg/kg (Calculation method)	Non-applicable
Dermal	5891,95 mg/kg (Calculation method)	57,56 %
Inhalation	>20 mg/L (4 h) (Calculation method)	Non-applicable

## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

## 12.1 Toxicity:

Identification		Acute toxicity	Species	Genus
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7	LC50	1 - 10 mg/L (96 h)		Fish
CAS: 64742-95-6	EC50	1 - 10 mg/L		Crustacean
EC: 265-199-0	EC50	1 - 10 mg/L		Algae
Hydrocarbons, C9-C10,n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	LC50	10 - 100 mg/L (96 h)		Fish
CAS: Non-applicable	EC50	10 - 100 mg/L		Crustacean
EC: 927-241-2	EC50	10 - 100 mg/L		Algae
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. , < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7	LC50	1 - 10 mg/L (96 h)		Fish
CAS: 64742-95-6	EC50	1 - 10 mg/L		Crustacean
EC: 265-199-0	EC50	1 - 10 mg/L		Algae
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7	LC50	2200 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 64742-48-9	EC50	1000 mg/L (96 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
EC: 265-150-3	EC50	Non-applicable		



### Safety data sheet According to 1907/2006/EC (REACH), 2015/830/EU



# ESMALTE JUNOLAC ANTIOX. BLANCO SATINADO - Código - 4880

# SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification		Acute toxicity	Species	Genus
Xylene	LC50	13.5 mg/L (96 h)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
CAS: 1330-20-7	EC50	3.4 mg/L (48 h)	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean
EC: 215-535-7	EC50	10 mg/L (72 h)	Skeletonema costatum	Algae
Xylene	LC50	13.5 mg/L (96 h)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
CAS: 1330-20-7	EC50	3.4 mg/L (48 h)	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean
EC: 215-535-7	EC50	10 mg/L (72 h)	Skeletonema costatum	Algae
Butanone oxime	LC50	843 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 96-29-7	EC50	750 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
EC: 202-496-6	EC50	83 mg/L (72 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	LC50	270 mg/L (96 h)	N/A	Fish
CAS: 22464-99-9	EC50	Non-applicable		
EC: 245-018-1	EC50	Non-applicable		
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	LC50	0.1 - 1 mg/L (96 h)		Fish
CAS: 136-52-7	EC50	0.1 - 1 mg/L		Crustacean
EC: 205-250-6	EC50	0.1 - 1 mg/L		Algae
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	LC50	1300 mg/L (96 h)	Lepomis macrochirus	Fish
CAS: 112-34-5	EC50	2850 mg/L (24 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
EC: 203-961-6	EC50	53 mg/L (192 h)	Microcystis aeruginosa	Algae

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Identification	Deg	gradability	Biodegr	radability
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200 -753-7	BOD5	0.19 g O2/g	Concentration	Non-applicable
CAS: 64742-95-6	COD	0.44 g O2/g	Period	Non-applicable
EC: 265-199-0	BOD5/COD	0.43	% Biodegradable	Non-applicable
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	Non-applicable
CAS: 64742-48-9	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
EC: 265-150-3	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	89,9 %
Xylene	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	Non-applicable
CAS: 1330-20-7	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
EC: 215-535-7	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	88 %
Xylene	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	Non-applicable
CAS: 1330-20-7	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
EC: 215-535-7	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	88 %
Butanone oxime	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	100 mg/L
CAS: 96-29-7	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
EC: 202-496-6	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	24 %
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	20 mg/L
CAS: 22464-99-9	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
EC: 245-018-1	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	99 %
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	BOD5	0.25 g O2/g	Concentration	100 mg/L
CAS: 112-34-5	COD	2.08 g O2/g	Period	28 days
EC: 203-961-6	BOD5/COD	0.12	% Biodegradable	92 %

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

Identification	Bio	Bioaccumulation potential		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7	BCF			
CAS: 64742-95-6	Pow Log	4		
EC: 265-199-0	Potential			
Xylene	BCF	9		
CAS: 1330-20-7	Pow Log	2.77		
EC: 215-535-7	Potential	Low		
Xylene	BCF	9		
CAS: 1330-20-7	Pow Log	2.77		
EC: 215-535-7	Potential	Low		





## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification		Bioaccumulation potential	
Butanone oxime	BCF	5	
CAS: 96-29-7	Pow Log	0.59	
EC: 202-496-6	Potential	Low	
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	BCF		
CAS: 22464-99-9	Pow Log	2.96	
EC: 245-018-1	Potential		
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	BCF	0.46	
CAS: 112-34-5	Pow Log	0.56	
EC: 203-961-6	Potential	Low	

## 12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorp	otion/desorption		Volatility
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7	Кос	100	Henry	Non-applicable
CAS: 64742-48-9	Conclusion	High	Dry soil	Non-applicable
EC: 265-150-3	Surface tension	Non-applicable	Moist soil	Non-applicable
Xylene	Кос	202	Henry	524,86 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
CAS: 1330-20-7	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
EC: 215-535-7	Surface tension	Non-applicable	Moist soil	Yes
Xylene	Кос	202	Henry	524,86 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
CAS: 1330-20-7	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
EC: 215-535-7	Surface tension	Non-applicable	Moist soil	Yes
Butanone oxime	Кос	3	Henry	Non-applicable
CAS: 96-29-7	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Non-applicable
EC: 202-496-6	Surface tension	2,57E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Non-applicable
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	Кос	Non-applicable	Henry	2,94E-1 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mo
CAS: 22464-99-9	Conclusion	Non-applicable	Dry soil	Yes
EC: 245-018-1	Surface tension	Non-applicable	Moist soil	Yes
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Кос	48	Henry	7,2E-9 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
CAS: 112-34-5	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	No
EC: 203-961-6	Surface tension	3,395E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	No

# 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Product fails to meet PBT/vPvB criteria

### 12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

### SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### **13.1 Waste treatment methods:**

Code	Description	Waste class (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014)
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances	Dangerous

## Type of waste (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014):

HP14 Ecotoxic, HP3 Flammable

### Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance with Annex 1 and Annex 2 (Directive 2008/98/EC). As under 15 01 (2014/955/EC) of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-dangerous residue. We do not recommended disposal down the drain. See paragraph 6.2.

### **Regulations related to waste management:**

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) the community or state provisions related to waste management are stated

Community legislation: Directive 2008/98/EC, 2014/955/EU, Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014





	angero	us goods by land:	
ith regard to A	DR 201	9 and RID 2019:	
-	14.1	UN number:	UN1263
		UN proper shipping name:	PAINT
. Me		Transport hazard class(es):	3
	1110	Labels:	3
	14.4	Packing group:	III
3		Environmental hazards:	No
•		Special precautions for user	
		Special regulations:	163, 367, 650
		Tunnel restriction code:	D/E
		Physico-Chemical properties:	see section 9
		Limited quantities:	5 L
	14.7	Transport in bulk according	Non-applicable
		to Annex II of Marpol and	
		the IBC Code:	
•	-	us goods by sea:	
ith regard to II	MDG 38	-16:	
	14.1	UN number:	UN1263
	14.2	UN proper shipping name:	PAINT
, AL	14.3	Transport hazard class(es):	3
		Labels:	3
	14.4	Packing group:	III
3	14.5	Environmental hazards:	No
V	14.6	Special precautions for user	
		Special regulations:	223, 955, 163, 367
		EmS Codes:	F-E, S-E
		Physico-Chemical properties:	see section 9
		Limited quantities:	5 L
		Segregation group:	Non-applicable
	14.7	Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and	Non-applicable
		the IBC Code:	
ransport of da	angero	us goods by air:	
· /ith regard to I/	-		
		UN number:	UN1263
, she		UN proper shipping name:	PAINT
		Transport hazard class(es):	3
		Labels:	3
3	14.4	Packing group:	III
•		Environmental hazards:	No
	14.6	Special precautions for user	
		Physico-Chemical properties:	see section 9
	14.7	Transport in bulk according	Non-applicable
		to Annex II of Marpol and	

## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

## 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

Regulation (EC) No 528/2012: contains a preservative to protect the initial properties of the treated article. Contains Ethanol, 1,2benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one, 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one, reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3-one (3:1).

Candidate substances for authorisation under the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH): Non-applicable





## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)

Substances included in Annex XIV of REACH ("Authorisation List") and sunset date: Non-applicable

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009, about substances that deplete the ozone layer: Non-applicable

Article 95, REGULATION (EU) No 528/2012: Non-applicable

REGULATION (EU) No 649/2012, in relation to the import and export of hazardous chemical products: Non-applicable

#### Seveso III:

Section	Description	Lower-tier requirements	Upper-tier requirements
P5c		5000	50000

Limitations to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII REACH, etc ....):

Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following:

- metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration,
- artificial snow and frost,
- "whoopee" cushions,
- silly string aerosols,
- imitation excrement,
- horns for parties,
- decorative flakes and foams,
- artificial cobwebs,
- stink bombs.

Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of aerosol dispensers referred to above is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly with:

'For professional users only'.

Shall not be used in:

—ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,

-tricks and jokes,

-games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects.

### Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as a basis for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the handling, use, storage and disposal of this product.

### Other legislation:

The product could be affected by sectorial legislation

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

The supplier has not carried out evaluation of chemical safety.

## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

#### Legislation related to safety data sheets:

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-Guide to the compilation of safety data sheets of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (Regulation (EC) No 2015/830)

### Modifications related to the previous Safety Data Sheet which concerns the ways of managing risks.:

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS (SECTION 3):

· New declared substances

Reaction products of Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine and Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine

· Removed substances

Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine (85711-55-3)

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (SECTION 2, SECTION 16):

· Substances contained in EUH208:

New declared substances

Reaction products of Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine and Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine

· Removed substances

Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine (85711-55-3)

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:





H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H315: Causes skin irritation
H226: Flammable liquid and vapour
Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:
The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3
CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:
Acute Tox. 4: H302 - Harmful if swallowed
Acute Tox. 4: H312 - Harmful in contact with skin
Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled
Aquatic Acute 1: H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life
Aquatic Chronic 2: H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways Carc. 2: H351 - Suspected of causing cancer
Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage
Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour
Repr. 1B: H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child
Repr. 2: H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation
Skin Sens. 1: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction
Skin Sens. 1A: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction
STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral)
STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness
Classification procedure:
STOT SE 3: Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3: Calculation method
Skin Irrit. 2: Calculation method
Flam. Liq. 3: Calculation method (2.6.4.3)
Advice related to training:
Minimal training is recommended in order to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product and to facilitate their
comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.
Principal bibliographical sources:
http://echa.europa.eu http://eur-lex.europa.eu
Abbreviations and acronyms:
ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road
IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code
IATA: International Air Transport Association
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation
COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand
BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand BCF: Bioconcentration factor
LD50: Lethal Dose 50
LC50: Lethal Concentration 50
EC50: Effective concentration 50
Log-POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient
 Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation at European and state level, without being able to guarantee its accuracy. This information cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of the product, it is simply a description of the security requirements. The occupational methodology and conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control, and it is ultimately the responsibility of the user to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information on this safety data sheet only refers to this product, which should not be used for needs other than those specified.